

Timeline

BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE	BCE
3000	2900	2800	2700	2600	2500	2400	2300	2200	2100	2000	1900	1900

Middle East

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Sources:

The Harlot by the Side of the Road

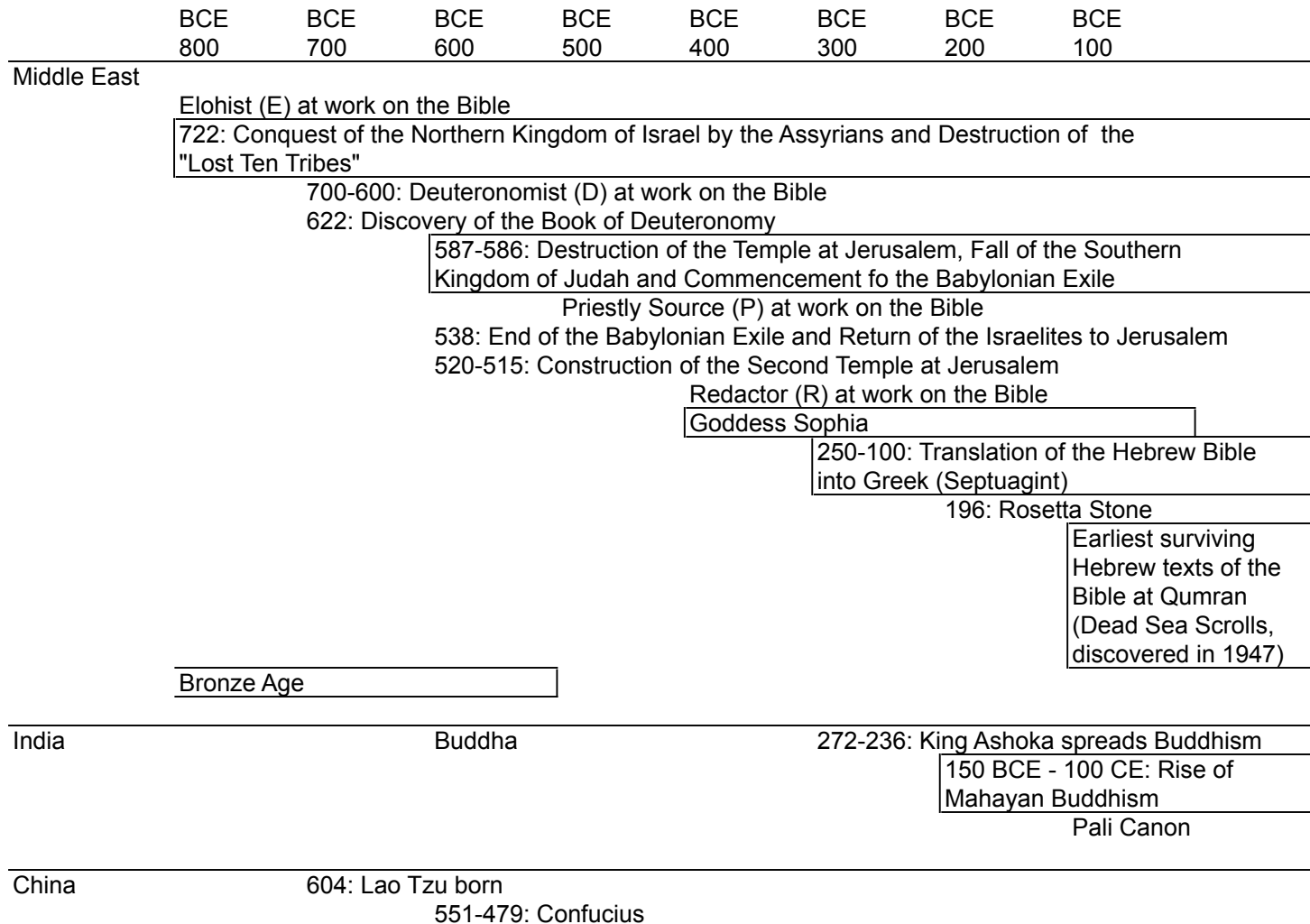
A Test of Time: The Bible from Myth to History by David Rohl

Women and Goddess Traditions by Karen King (Editor)

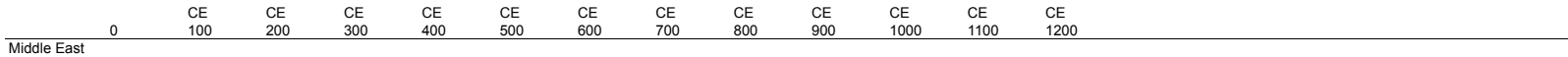
Timeline



Timeline



Timeline



Middle East

Romans in the Holy Land

- ? - 28: John the Baptist (beheaded)
- 4 BCE-30: Jesus (crucified)
- 48-49: Council of Jerusalem - 1st Christian Council, circumcision, dietary law
- ? - 60: James, brother of Jesus (pushed off cliff >100ft., survived then clubbed to death)
- 36-62: St. Paul preaches (beheaded in Rome)
- 65: Q written
- 64-67: Pope Peter (crucified in Rome)
- 66-70: Jewish Revolt
- 70: Destruction of the Second Temple at Jerusalem
- 67-76: Pope Linus
- 70: Gospel of Mark
- ? - 73: Jude (shot with arrows)
- ? - 73: Luke: (hanged)
- ? - 73: Timothy (beaten)
- ? - 74: Mark (dragged then burned)
- 75-90: Gospel according to Luke, from Mark & Q?
- 76-88: Pope Cletus

- 80-85: Gospel of Matthew (written for Jews), Gospel of Luke (written for Gentiles)
- 88-97: Pope Clement I
- 83-90: Book of Acts
- 90: Final canonization of the Hebrew Bible
- 97-105: Pope Evaristus

65-150: Gospel of Thomas written

90-100: Gospel of John

- 105-115: Pope Alexander I
- 115-125: Pope Sixtus
- 125-136: Pope Telesphorus
- 132-135: Second Jewish revolt
- 136-140: Pope Hyginus
- 140-155: Pope Pius I
- 155-166: Pope Anicetus
- 166-175: Pope Soter
- 175-189: Pope Eleuterius
- 189-199: Pope Victor I
- 199-217: Pope Zephyrinus

- 313: Constantine recognizes the Christian Church
- 325: Council of Nicaea

Christianity was the universal government of Europe

405: First translation of the Christian Bible from Greek into Latin (St. Jerome's Vulgate)

Dark ages

Standardization of Hebrew text by the Masoretes

570-632: Mohammed

Arabs in Spain, Portugal, Italy, France

Arabs conquer India, Indonesia, etc.

Christian Crusades, attempt to retake the Holy Land

St. Francis (Italian, 1182-1226) and St. Dominic (Spanish, 1170-1221) tried to lead people to a simpler, more Christian life

Japan

600 Prince Shotoku brings Buddhism from China to Japan

645 Takia Reform - almost everything from China is imported into Japan - political system, art, writing, architecture, feudalism

1010 Tale of Genji - Lady Murasaki Shikibu - first great novel written

India

Buddhism enters China
150-250: Nagarjuna

Buddhism enters Tibet

Timeline

CE 1300	CE 1400	CE 1500	CE 1600	CE 1700	CE 1800	CE 1900	CE 2000
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Middle East

1305-1309 Papacy leaves Rome -> Avignon, vacancy leaves room for the Renaissance and trade

1313 Famine in Florence

1333 Flood in Florence

1347-1348 Black Death & Bubonic Plague in Florence

1378 Lower class workers took over Florence

1378-1417 Four Popes arise (Great Schism)

1417 One Pope elected, Papacy returns to Rome

1400-1530 Renaissance in Florence

1517 Martin Luther nails his theses

Ottomans

Japan

1543 Portuguese (first westerners) arrive in Kyushu

1853 Commodore Perry invades Japan

India

China
